Constitution of Himalaya Kranti Party

Section 1: Name of the Party
The name of the Party shall be "**Himalaya Kranti Party**".

1.A. Day and date of formation of the Party: The day of formation of the Party is Thursday, dated 26th January 2023 (26-01-2023) and this day is the foundation day of the Party.

Section 2: Objective of the Party

1.The Party is committed to realizing the vision of Swaraj.

2.The party is committed to make India a corruption free, secular, democratic country and a country of goodwill by following the preamble of the Constitution of India.

3.The Party is committed to ensure an equal justice system for the citizens of the country, socially and economically empowered citizens, freedom of thought, expression, belief, faith and worship, equality for every section of the people and dignity of the individual, fraternity and integrity of the party.

4.The Party pledges to secure for all citizens justice, social, economic and political freedom of thought, expression, belief, faith and worship for all including the last man, equality of status and opportunity in all spheres of life for individuals and communities and promote all fraternity ensuring respect between them and unity and integrity of the nation.

5. The Party will have true faith and allegiance to the Constitution of India. The Party is committed to uphold the principle of rule of law, socialism, secularism and democracy, sovereignty, unity and integrity of India.

6. The party is committed to implement strong land laws in Uttarakhand.

7. The party has been established to provide employment opportunities to every person in Uttarakhand and the party is fully committed to implement the One Family One Job policy.

8. The party is committed to implement the Domicile Act 1950 to protect the rights of the original residents in Uttarakhand. The party is also committed to the rights, social and economic security of people of every class living in Uttarakhand.

9. The party envisions a Uttarakhand that is a self-reliant and productive state in India, which preserves its culture and religious beliefs and basic sentiments, adopts modern technology, makes a developed state, and provides basic facilities to the aware public and every person.

10. Uttarakhand can protect its ancient world-renowned traditions, the basis of Sanatan Dharma, Hindutva and its methods for eternity. The party is committed to creating such a system.

11. It can keep India on the world stage as a great power of the world. The party will work to make such a developed state which will prove to be an example for other states as well.

12. The party's aim will be to save the state's water, forest and land, to provide employment, poverty free, corruption free, employment, health and education opportunities to every person in the state.

13. The ideology will be exploitation free, socialism, social policy and development policy. The state will be established as an ideal state by running the state in a secular, peaceful and democratic manner, by creating equal educational level, drug free Uttarakhand.

14. The party will conduct timely regular elections of all office bearers and party organizations after every three years.

15. All the top level committees and representative bodies of the party will be formed through democratic election process, the nomination of the members of such bodies will be limited to the minimum level which will not be more than one third of the total capacity of the committee/body.

16. The election process for various posts of the party will be democratic and no post will be kept hereditary and permanent and the functioning of the party will be democratic. The decision making process will be carried out by majority vote of representative bodies at appropriate level.

17. Party will not promote, incite or engage in violence in any manner.

18. The Party will bear true faith and allegiance to the Constitution of India as by law established and to the principles of socialism, secularism and democracy and will uphold the sovereignty, unity and integrity of India.

19. The Party will contest any election conducted by the Election Commission within five years of its registration and will contest continuous elections thereafter.

Section 3: Membership Process

3.A. Eligibility for membership

1. Any citizen of India aged 18 years or above can become a member of the party.
2. A member of any other political party registered with the Election Commission cannot become a member of the party.

3. A person who is associated with any organisation or person which is against the ideology of the party cannot become a member.
4. A person with criminal tendencies, convicted of serious criminal cases or a person with moral turpitude cannot become a member of the party.

3.B. Membership related rules, election and procedure

1. There will be two types of members in the party; first active member and second ordinary member.

2. Active members who will participate in all the activities of the party will follow the rules of the party, which will have added 30 members to the party.

3. Only active members will be elected to the national, state, district, block and primary level executive.

4. Ordinary member, who has become a member of the party by paying membership fee. According to the procedure, every member will first join the party as an ordinary member.

5. A member will be considered as an ordinary member after filling the membership form and paying the prescribed membership fee.

6. A person can get membership by visiting the office, online or through any worker.

7. The party will maintain a record of all the members which will be as per the organisation structure.

8. In order to participate in the internal elections in the party, registration of an active member is necessary at least 3 months in advance.

9. The National Executive, State Executive and District Level Executive will have the power to give membership and status directly to new members. Such power will be exercised when there are no members in the concerned unit, the District Executive which has the power to make members directly but when a new unit has to be formed.

10. A member who is selected in the National, State and District Level Executive will be considered as an active member at the State and National level.

11. The members will have to pay the required membership fee from time to time at the prescribed intervals. The active member will have to pay the prescribed membership fee on time.

12. If a person who is a leader in a registered party for the last 5 years, that person will be given membership in the District Executive and State Executive only after the decision of the National Executive.

13. If a person has contested elections from a registered party such as at the Vidhan Sabha, MP, District level and Municipality level, then that person will be able to get membership only after the approval of the National Executive.

14. Members will have to work as per the responsibility given by the concerned executive.

15. If a member changes his residence, phone number or other contact related information, then he will have to inform the concerned office or executive.

16. The term of membership will be 3 years. The member will have to renew his membership after 3 years. The term of membership will start from 1 April and will end on 31 March. For example, the membership of members who have become active members between 1 January 2023

and 31 March 2023 will be valid for the next 3 years i.e. till 31 March 2026.

3. C. Termination of Membership

1. The membership will be deemed terminated in case of death of the member, resignation, expulsion, non-renewal of membership, joining another party, being convicted by the court in serious criminal cases, being involved in moral crime, disciplinary action by the party and acting against the party.
2. The National Council, National Executive and State Executive can expel active members and lower office bearers.
3. A member can be expelled for disciplinary action or acting against the ideology of the party.
4. The National Council will have the power to dissolve any level unit or expel lower office bearers.

Section 4: Organization Structure / Tenure / Elections

A. The organizational structure of the party at national, state, district, block, village and ward levels will be as follows:-

1. National level: National Council, National Executive and National Affairs Committee.
2. State level: State Executive, State Affairs Committee
3. District level: District Executive and District Political Affairs Committee.
4. Block level: Block Council
5. Primary level: Village Council and Urban Ward Council

B. Party, Tenure and Election Process

The administrative system and working system of the party will be democratic. The tenure of each organ in the party will be 3 years. If elections

are not held at the end of the tenure, then the tenure can be extended till the next election under the following conditions:

1) If the National Council proposes to postpone the elections.

2) If the State Executive and National Executive are expanded.

3) If the State Executive brings a proposal and the proposal is passed by the State Council and District level.

4.1: Primary Unit

A. Formation of Primary Unit

1. The primary unit will be the general body of ordinary and active members.

2. The primary unit will be formed at the ward level in urban areas which come under Nagar Palika or Nagar Nigam.

3. The primary unit will be formed at the Gram Panchayat level in rural areas.

4. The primary unit will not be formed unless there are at least 9 members.

5. The primary unit will have a President and a Vice President at Nagar Palika, Nagar Nigam and Gram Panchayat levels.

B. Powers and functions of the primary unit

The members of the primary unit will have the following functions and powers:

i. To discuss and take decisions on any programme or issue, to work on the objectives of the party, to participate in elections, to form opinions on issues and to do constructive work.

ii. To recommend active members and to add new members to the party.

iii. To elect a President and a Vice President. If there is no consensus in the primary unit, then the President and Vice President will be elected through election in the presence of the representative of the District Executive.

iv. The President, Vice President and members will be regularly available for any work of the party.

v. Can form teams as per the need to do the necessary work.

vi. Can form or reconstitute any team or committee within it.

vii. Can recall (remove) the President and Vice President by the majority of the members of the primary unit.

viii. Complete the work assigned by the party from time to time and report the work.

4.2: Block Level

A. Block Council

1. A Block Council will be formed at the block level.
2. The Presidents and Vice Presidents of all the primary units under the block will together form a Block Council.
3. The Block Council will have a President and a Vice President who must be active members.

B. Powers and functions of the Block Council

i. The Block Council will organize and coordinate the activities taking place in the block. Issues affecting more than one primary unit will be raised together.

ii. The Block Council will have the power to add and remove any member from within it as per the rules of the party.

iii. In the Block Council, the President and Vice President will be elected unanimously or there will be elections for them. In case of failure of elections, the President and Vice President will be elected by election in front of the District level representative. Active members under the block will participate in this election, out of which one woman is preferred.

iv. The Block Council can form such teams which can work as per the need.

v. The Block President, Vice President and Executive will be regularly available for party work.

vi. Formation or reorganization of any team or committee.

vii. The President and Vice President can be recalled (removed from the post).

4.3: District Level

A. District Council

Each District Council will include the Block level President and Vice President.

B. Powers and functions of the District Council and Executive:

i. The District Council will elect the District Executive.

ii. The members of the District Council will elect the District President among themselves. In case of no consensus, the person will be elected by election in the presence of the representative of the State Executive.

iii. The District Council will have the power to recall the District President, Vice President and District members.

C. District Executive

i. The District Executive will have to organize and coordinate the activities taking place in the district.

ii. The District Executive will not have more than 30 members. As far as possible, students and women will be included in the Executive. The District President and Vice President will be selected by the District Council unanimously. If there is no consensus, they will be elected by election in front of the representative of the State Executive.

iii. The District Executive will have one representative of the Block level Executive.

iv. The District Executive can give a chance to at least 5 people from the deprived social group to become representatives, who can be from SC, ST, backward class and minority. If people from the deprived society are not found, then the active members will have to add such members soon. They will be given the right to vote. All the members of the deprived society will have to fulfill the qualifications set by the State Executive.

v. The District Executive can call anyone to its meeting by consensus. Individuals from inside or outside the party can participate in the meetings by special invitation but they will not get any right to vote.

vi. Elected members of the District Executive will be available for the regular work of the party.

D. Power and functions of the District Executive

i. Power to form various teams and office bearers to fulfill the objectives of the party.

ii. The District Executive will have a Secretary and Treasurer who will be one of the active members of the District Executive.

iii. To monitor and supervise the activities of the office bearers of the party.

iv. To complete all the activities necessary to fulfill the objectives of the party at the district level.

v. To raise and resolve activities related to public issues of all the Gram Panchayats, Blocks, Municipalities, etc. coming under the district.

vi. To maintain the register of active and ordinary members of the party.

vii. To keep accounts of district level finances, to collect membership fees from members from time to time, etc.

viii. To form committees to settle internal disputes, settle complaints and take disciplinary action.

ix. To implement the rules of the party at the district level, to settle complaints of violation of the code of conduct against the members. The District Executive has the power to take decisions up to the primary level Chairman and Vice Chairman.

x. To constitute/reconstitute a committee of District Political Affairs experts having a maximum of 7 members.

E. District Political Affairs Committee

i. The District Political Affairs Committee will arrange the meetings of the District Chairman and District Executive.

ii. The District Political Affairs Committee will advise and assist the team and will supervise the work of all the teams along with the District Chairman.

iii. The District Chairman is expected to discharge his duties and powers properly in coordination with the District Political Affairs Committee.

4.4: State Level (Applies to Union Territories as well)

A. State Council

The State Council will consist of the Chairman and Vice Chairman of each district.

B. Functions and Powers of the State Council.

i. The State Council will elect the State Executive.

ii. The members of the State Council will elect the State Chairman amongst themselves. In case of no consensus, the Chairman will be elected by election in the presence of the representative of the National Executive.

iii. The State Council will have the right to recall the State President and members of the State Executive.

iv. The State Council will have three meetings in a year or will have to meet three times.

v. To decide the party's stand and policy on state related issues.

C. State Executive

i. The State Executive will organize and coordinate the activities of the party at the state level.

ii. The State Executive will not have more than 25 members. 5 women in the State Executive will be proposed by the active members of that state on which the State Council will have a consensus. If consensus is not reached, they will be elected by election in the presence of the National Executive representative.

iii. The State Executive will have one representative. The representative will be selected by the members of the Executive.

iv. If the President and other executive members of any unit are elected to the State Executive, then they will have to resign from the post of the related district.

v. The State Executive can give an opportunity to at least 5 people from the deprived social group to become representatives who can be from SC, ST, backward class and minority. If people from the deprived society are not found, then the active members will have to add such members as soon as possible. They will be given the right to vote. All the members of the deprived society must fulfill the eligibility criteria set by the National Council.

vi. The State Executive can unanimously invite anyone to attend its meetings, from within or outside the party, as a special invitee. However, the special invitee will not have the right to vote.

vii. Members of the State Executive will be available for party work.

D. Functions and Powers of State Executive

i. Constitute/reconstitute as many teams as necessary to fulfill the objectives of the Party.

ii. Elect a person to be appointed as Secretary and Treasurer in the State Executive.

iii. Monitor and supervise the activities of the party office bearers.

iv. Perform all activities necessary to fulfill the objectives of the Party in that State.

v. Perform various activities relating to public issues affecting the State.

vi. Maintain accounts of State level finances.

vii. Form State level committees for settlement of internal disputes and complaints. Establish disciplinary action and code of conduct in the Party.

viii. Follow the law directed by the Party for receiving and deciding complaints of violation of code of conduct against State Executive members.

ix. Elect a State Political Affairs Committee from amongst the elected members of the State Executive consisting of a maximum of 7 members.

x. Constitute/reconstitute the State Political Affairs Committee by the State Executive.

xi. Any Committee/Organ/Team responsible for selecting and holding meetings of the State is authorised for the process of selection of candidates for all elections in the State.

E. State Political Affairs Committee

i. The State Political Affairs Committee shall discharge the functions of the State Executive.

ii. The Committees constituted by the State Executive shall advise and assist the President and the State Political Affairs Committee in overseeing the work of all other teams.

iii. The State Political Affairs Committee shall have the power to advise the State President and shall expect the State President to discharge its duties.

4.5: National Level

A. National Council

The National Council shall be the highest policy making body of the Party. The National Council shall consist of the Presidents of the State, District and Cells. It may have a maximum of 51 members comprising of the following:

i. Experts in the fields where the National Council considers itself fit.

ii. Eminent persons of the country.

iii. Members of disadvantaged social groups such as Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, Backward Classes and Minorities if adequately represented.

iv. All those members who come together to form the party.

v. The first meeting of the party shall constitute the first National Executive in which the members present shall be deemed to be active and permanent members of the party.

vi. A member who completes his first term may be given a second term as National Council members by a National Council resolution passed by a simple majority.

B. Functions and Powers of the National Council

i. The National Council shall elect the National Executive.

ii. The National Council has the power to amend the Constitution.

iii. Has the power to recall the members of the National Executive.

iv. Meet at least 3 times in a year.

v. Decide the party's stand and policy on issues of national interest.

C. National Executive

The National Executive shall be the highest executive body of the party at the national level and it shall organise and coordinate the activities of the party.

i. The National Executive shall have a maximum of 30 members.

ii. The National Council shall elect the National President.

iii. If the president of a unit is elected to the National Executive, he will have to resign as the president of the concerned unit.

iv. The National Executive can give the opportunity to at least 5 people from the deprived social group to become representatives who can be from SC, ST, backward class and minority. If people from the deprived society are not found, then the active members will have to add such members soon. They will be given the right to vote. All the members of the deprived society must fulfill the qualifications set by the National Council.

v. The National Executive can unanimously invite anyone to participate in its meetings, within or outside the party, as a special invitee. However, the special invitee will not have the right to vote.

vi. Apart from this, one representative of the National Executive will be from each state who will be nominated by the executive of that state.

vii. The members of the National Executive will be available to work regularly for the party.

D. Powers and functions of the National Executive

i. The National Executive shall constitute as many teams as may be necessary to carry out the objectives of the party.

ii. Appoint one person as National Secretary and one as Treasurer.

iii. Approve the formation of the National Secretariat of the party.

iv. Monitor and supervise the activities of the party functionaries at various places at the national level.

v. Undertake all such activities as are necessary to carry out the objectives of the party in the country.

vi. Carry out various activities relating to public and social issues.

vii. Maintain accounts of finances at the national level.

viii. Form committees at the national level to settle internal disputes, take grievance and disciplinary action.

ix. Enforce the rules and regulations of the party at the national level. Resolve complaints of violation of the code of conduct against National Executive members.

x. Elect a National Political Affairs Committee consisting of 7 members from among the members of the National Executive.

xi. Constitute/reconstitute the Political Affairs Committee.
xii. Recall the National President, Secretary and Treasurer.

xiii. Make rules and regulations under this Constitution.

xiv. Authorize to select and appoint any organ, committee, team. Conduct the selection process of candidates for the State Assembly and Lok Sabha elections.

xv. Power to exercise all such powers in the absence of an organ, committee, team.

xvi. Power to suspend, dissolve any organ, committee, team and to remove any office bearer, member of any other organ, committee.

xvii. All residuary powers not specifically assigned to any other body, organ, committee, authority in this Constitution may be exercised by the National Executive in case of any emergency.

E. National Political Affairs Committee

i. The National Political Affairs Committee shall discharge all Executive meetings.

ii. The Committees constituted by the National Executive shall advise and assist the President and the National Political Affairs Committee in overseeing the work of all other teams.

iii. The National Political Affairs Committee shall have the power to advise the National President and expect the National President to discharge its duties.

Section 5: Other Organization Structure

All urban areas covered under Municipal Corporation, Municipal Body and Nagar Palika laws shall have teams at the following levels.

5.1. Ward Level

i. Any Municipality or Municipal Corporation shall have ward level and shall be considered equivalent to the primary level mentioned in Section 4.1. The Sabha shall be constituted in the same manner as at Ward level and shall function in the same manner.

ii. If a Municipality is smaller than an Assembly Constituency then Ward Sabha units shall be constituted in that area only at Ward level.

5.2. Assembly Level

i. If a Municipality has one or more Assembly Constituencies then the Assembly level Council Executive shall be constituted in it. Council Executive shall be constituted in the same manner as mentioned in Section 4.3 at District level and shall function in the same manner.

ii. If a Municipality is smaller than a Parliamentary Constituency then only Ward level unit and Assembly level unit shall be constituted in the Municipality.

5.3. Parliamentary Level

i. If a municipality has one or more Parliamentary Constituencies, then a Parliamentary Level Council/Executive will be formed in that municipality. The Parliamentary Level Council Executive will be constituted in the same manner as the District Council Executive and will function in the same manner.

ii. This will be applicable in the big metropolitan cities of the country. The State Council will elect the State Executive Committee which will function like the State Executive as mentioned in Section 4.4.

5.4. City Committee

i. A City Council will be constituted at the level of Nagar Palika or Municipal Corporation. The City Council will consist of the Presidents and Vice-Presidents of all the primary units in the Municipal Area.

ii. The City Council will constitute a City Executive which will be the City Council and City Executive Committee. The City Executive will function like the District Council as mentioned in Section 4.3 (c) District Executive.

Section 6. Party Office Bearers

6.1. Party officials

1. **National level** = President, Vice President, General Secretary, Joint Secretary, Secretary, Treasurer

2. **State level** = President, Vice President, General Secretary, Secretary, Treasurer
3. **District level** = President, Vice President, General Secretary, Secretary, Treasurer
4. **Block level** = President and Vice President
5. **Primary level** = President and Vice President

6.2. Powers and functions of office bearers

President

1. The President will preside over the National Executive, National Council and special session of the party.
2. The National President of the party can suspend and expel office bearers, office bearers, members and members from the party on the basis of any anti-party activity related to discipline in the National Executive and all lower executive bodies. This action of the President cannot be challenged in any court.
3. When the National Executive is not meeting, the National President will be able to exercise the powers of the National Executive.
4. The President can fill the vacancies created due to resignation, death or expulsion of any member of the Executive through nomination for the remaining term.
5. The Presidents of all levels will preside over their respective executives, prepare strategies for adding members to the party, take responsibility for maintaining discipline in the party and take decisions in accordance with the rules of the party at the respective level.

Vice President

1. In the absence of the President, the Vice President will preside over the Executive, Council or session of the party. The Vice President shall

perform all functions as may be delegated to him by the President from time to time.

2. Execute and implement the decisions of the party.

General Secretary

1. Advising the President in all party executive functions.

2. Advising the President in the appointment of party officials.

3. Attending party meetings.

Secretary

1. To maintain and keep records at the concerned level and to keep minutes of meetings, to maintain the register of active members at the concerned level.

2. To manage the day to day affairs of the Secretariat at the concerned level.

3. To perform such functions as may be assigned to him by the Party from time to time.

4. The Secretary at the National level shall represent the Party for all legal purposes.

Treasurer

1. The District and State Treasurers shall be responsible for the maintenance of accounts at the concerned level.

2. Follow the guidelines given by the Party from time to time in respect of accounts and their maintenance.

3. The National Treasurer shall ensure that the accounts of the Party are properly maintained.

4. He shall keep account of all capital investments, income and expenditure.

6.3. Tenure of Office Bearers

A term of office of any office bearer shall be a maximum of 3 years. No member shall hold office as the same office bearer for more than three terms.

Section 7: Code of Conduct, Discipline and Dispute Resolution

7.1. Code of Conduct

i. Every member of the Party shall abide by the Code of Conduct.

ii. A member shall not involve himself in any unethical or illegal activity. Activity which may cause damage to the Party and bring the Party into disrepute or such conduct or behaviour which brings it into disrepute.

iii. No member shall indulge in any activity which is contrary to the object set out in the Constitution of the Party or violates the policy and objectives of the Party.

iv. No member shall disobey any guidelines given by the Party.

v. Members other than office bearers shall be free to express their views outside or inside the Party forum, unless there is a specific reason. Mere expression of dissent will not be treated as a violation unless it violates the objectives of the party.

vi. A member of the party should not indulge in any corrupt practices.

vii. A member should not have any criminal case pending against him involving moral turpitude or should not have been convicted of any such offence in the past.

viii. A member should not indulge in any exploitation of women or abuse.

ix. A member should not indulge in drug addiction or addictive behaviour.

x. A member has to declare his and his family's assets and income as required by the party.

7.2. Authority for Disciplinary Action

i. Matters including complaints in respect of alleged violation of Article 7.1 of the Party Constitution or Party Objects, internal disputes, other grievances, etc. shall be dealt with by the Disciplinary Committee to be constituted by the National Executive in accordance with the regulations at the National level, State level and lower levels.

ii. No internal dispute, expulsion, resignation or any other matter shall be taken to the Court and shall be raised and settled within the Party.

iii. Any complaint alleging violation of the Code of Conduct mentioned in Article 7.1 of the Constitution against any member, office bearer, Member of Parliament, Member of State Legislature or Municipal Corporation may be referred to the Disciplinary Committee, if it deems fit. The National Level Disciplinary Committee shall deal with cases at the National level and State level. Cases at the State level and below shall be dealt with by the State Disciplinary Committee.

iv. A member may appeal to the National Level Disciplinary Committee and the State Level Disciplinary Committee if a complaint against him relates to violation of the Code of Conduct.

v. Violations of the Code of Conduct mentioned in clause 7.1 shall be appealable to the next higher level in the hierarchy of the Committees constituted by the Party. No appeal shall lie against a person found guilty of violating the laws and Code of Conduct of the Party. A person shall have the right to know what is the complaint against him or why disciplinary action has been taken.

vi. The Committees at the respective levels shall be bound to implement the order within 4 weeks of the passing of the order by the Disciplinary Committee.

vii. The Disciplinary Committee at the National level, State level and District level shall consist of three persons nominated by the National Council. Disciplinary Committees shall take action at the State Executive, National Executive and District Executive or at any level as the case may be.

7.3. Penalties

i. The penalties that may result from disciplinary action may range from warning, suspension to expulsion from the Party. Disciplinary action cannot be taken against a member unless the member has responded to the charge, without being given an opportunity of explanation or without the time limit given to respond.

ii. In case of a proposal for disciplinary action against any member of the State Executive and District Executive, the penalty can be imposed only after the approval of the National Executive.

7.4. Structure of Disciplinary Committee

i. Disciplinary Committee will be constituted at National level, State level and District level which will be appointed by the Executive of the respective level.

ii. The Disciplinary Committee will be a body of 3 persons which may include legal experts, advocates, eminent persons from political and social field and retired senior persons.

iii. The tenure of the Disciplinary Committee at each level will be 3 years. The tenure of the committee can be extended as per the National, State and District level Executive.

iv. If the post in the Disciplinary Committee becomes vacant due to retirement, death, resignation, expulsion or due to going to another committee, then such vacant posts should be filled within 8 weeks. If appointment is not possible within 8 weeks, then it will be filled by nomination of the National Executive.

v. The National Disciplinary Committee shall determine and formulate its own procedure and the procedure adopted by the State and District Disciplinary Committees shall be in conformity with the principles of natural justice, fairness and integrity.

Section 8: Rules for Party Conduct

8.1. Meetings

i. The meetings of National, State, District, Block and Primary level shall be presided over by the President of the respective level. In case the President and Vice President are not available for the meetings, the respective body may elect a person to preside over the meetings.

ii. The Primary level meeting shall be held twice a month, Block level meeting once a month, District level meeting thrice a year, State level meeting thrice a year and National level meeting thrice a year.

iii. The Presidents of various levels shall meet with the Executive and members once a month.

iv. If necessary, a meeting of the Council Executive of the respective level may be requisitioned by 50% of the members of the respective Council Executive.

8.2. Quorum

i. The quorum for all meetings shall be one third of the respective number. If the quorum is not present at the appointed time, a maximum of 30 minutes shall be waited. If the minimum quorum limit is not met, the meeting shall be adjourned. Then a fresh meeting shall be called which was adjourned due to lack of quorum and no quorum shall be required for that meeting.

ii. There shall be no requirement of quorum for extraordinary meetings and for emergencies. However, the decision passed in such meetings shall require ratification in the next ordinary meeting of the concerned unit.

8.3. Notice

i. The notice period for various meetings shall be as follows.

1. Primary Unit: 3 days

2. Block Level: 3 days

3. District Council: 21 days

4. District Executive: 21 days

5. State Council: 21 days

6. State Executive: 21 days

7. National Council: 21 days

8. National Executive: 21 days

ii. Emergency meetings of the National, State and District Executive can be held. The President of the respective level can call such a meeting by giving notice. This rule does not apply to meetings held on a time period.

iii. Active members can participate in the respective national, state, district, block and primary level meetings. Individuals can also join online meetings.

8.4. Decision making

i. All decisions at all levels will be taken unanimously in any meeting. In case of no decision being made, the decision will be taken by majority.

ii. The decision must have the approval of 2/3 members and decisions can also be taken by voting.

iii. A resolution will be required for merger, division, dissolution or amendment of the party constitution and decision.

iv. The party will fix a time period for meetings as required.

Section 9: Party Funds and Accounts

9.1. Collection of Funds

i. Funds for the party will be raised through membership fees, voluntary donations, cultural programs, conferences and other legal means.

ii. Only authorized persons from the respective level will receive funds.

iii. Money can be received and paid through cash, cheque, online and other legal means.

9.2. Donation and Membership Receipt

i. Printed or online receipts will be given for receipt of funds at national and state levels.

ii. Each receipt book will be printed on the basis of receipt number and its record will be maintained.

9.3. Bank Account

i. The party will open bank accounts as per requirement at such places which will be considered necessary at that place.

ii. There will be three authorized signatories for each account such as treasurer of the respective level along with two authorized members of state and national executive. The account can be operated by any two of the three persons, one of the two should be the treasurer.

iii. The funds received by the party through various means will be deposited in the party's bank accounts and the expenditure will also be done through bank accounts.

iv. Notwithstanding all the accounts, in case of special accounts being opened for election to any Parliamentary or Assembly Constituency, there shall be three authorised signatories to be nominated by the National and State Executive.

9.4. Audit

The Party shall follow the accrual system of accounts and shall have its accounts audited by an auditor from the panel of Comptroller and Auditor General during each financial year and shall submit a copy thereof to the Election Commission within a period of six months at the end of each financial year.

9.5. Use of Funds

i. The funds received by the Party shall be used for fulfilling the objectives and political needs of the Party.

ii. The membership fees received shall be used as required for carrying out various activities related to the Party.

iii. The funds shall be used by the authorised executive at the relevant level. The National Executive may also make regulations to control the use of funds. The distribution of funds, donations and expenditure shall be made transparent.

Section 10: Amendment of Constitution

i. The National Council may, on the recommendation of the National Executive, make any amendment to the Constitution except clauses 2, 3 and 4 of Section 2 by a majority of the total members and a two-thirds majority of the members voting.

ii. The National Council shall also have the power to alter and amend the Constitution. Such a meeting of the National Council must have the support of 2/3rd of the total members. Constitutional amendments shall be in accordance with the statutory provisions or guidelines by the Election Commission of India.

Section 11: Merger, Split and Dissolution

i. Decisions regarding merger, split and dissolution will be taken at one go. Office bearers of every level, Members of Parliament, State Legislature, Corporations, Panchayats and office bearers of all organs will have to attend the plenary session.
ii. The quorum of the meeting of the plenary session will be 50% of the persons authorized to attend the plenary session.

iii. A decision regarding merger, split and dissolution will require the approval of at least 2/3rd of the members present or voting to take effect.

Section 12: Interpretation of the Constitution

i. The power and authority to interpret the Constitution and the rules made thereunder shall lie with the National Council alone.

ii. The decision of the rules made under the Constitution shall be final and authoritative in respect of the above.

Section 13: Miscellaneous Provisions

1. Any member of the party can become an office bearer of the Executive at one level only.

2. A family member of a member of the Executive Committee of the party cannot become a member of that Executive immediately.

3. Members who have been active at various levels for 5 years may apply in writing to contest elections. Initially, candidates at various levels may be selected by the higher level executive.

4. If a member of an executive remains absent from three consecutive meetings without any prior notice, the member shall cease to be a member of that respective council or executive if a resolution is passed by the council or executive.

5. Nominations shall be given to more than one member of a family in an election contested by the party.

6. The National Executive shall make regulations for filling vacancies which arise when members officially leave office due to expulsion, resignation or death.

7. The National Executive shall determine the criteria and special arrangements for the merger of organisations or parties within the party.

8. The party shall contest elections conducted by the Election Commission of India.